

& Stroke Prevention Task Force









Justus-Warren
Heart Disease and
Stroke Prevention
Task Force Meeting

April 5, 2022

Webinar Guidance

All Participant Lines Muted

Presenter Lines Are Live; Mute When Not Speaking

Webinar Being Recorded

Member Roll Call Required

Type Questions and Comments in the Questions Box



Stroke Advisory Council Report

Paul Coverdell National Stroke Program

- Reduce disparities for those at risk of stroke and for stroke patients
- Strengthen the stroke system of care
 - -Build Stroke Registry within the HIE
 - -Fund hospitals, EMS agencies, and community organizations to improve the stroke system of care



Stroke Advisory Council Report

Paul Coverdell National Stroke Program

- Year 1 ends June 30
- Funding cycle runs 3 years
- In years 2-3 will fund additional Quality Improvement projects across the state



Joint Legislative Committee on Access to Healthcare and Medicaid Expansion

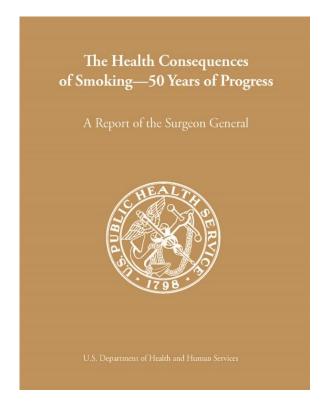
- ➤ Endorsement of Care4Carolina's efforts to close the coverage gap on Task Force Action Agenda
- Committee had three meetings on Medicaid Expansion
 - State agencies are prepared and ready
 - States testified to benefits of expansion



Proposal for Action Agenda Consideration

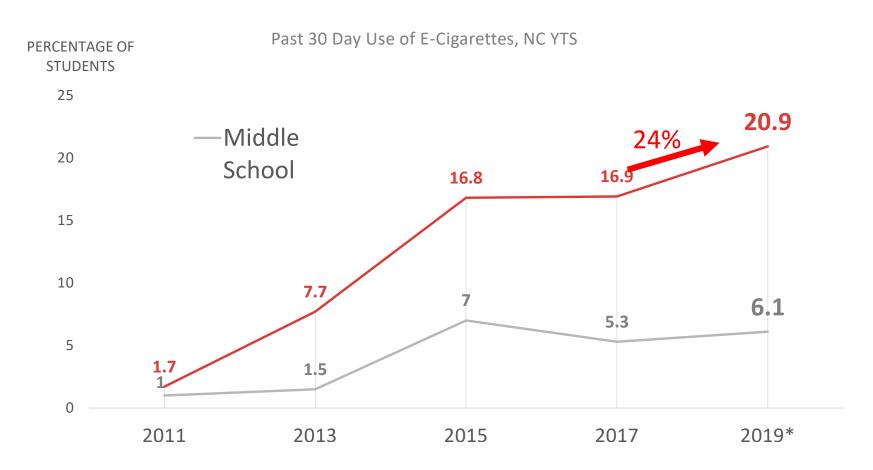
Stroke Advisory Council Recommendations for Tobacco 21 Legislation





95% of tobacco users start before the age of 21

E-Cigarette Use in NC Continues to Increase



^{*2019} estimates may not represent the full population due to low response rate

An Effective Law to Raise Tobacco Sales Age to 21

- Applies to all tobacco products
- Requires retailer permit
- Requires ID checks
- Imposes minimal penalties for purchasers under 21
- Holds retailers responsible for violations
- Requires signage
- Requires employee training
- Prohibits internet sales to people under 21
- Allows local government authority
- Provides enough time for the state to implement and to educate retailers about the new law

Source:

https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/stateandcommunity/tobacco_control_programs/surveillance_evaluation/tobacco-21-policy-evaluation/index.html

Recommendations

- N.C. has experienced an **alarming increase** in the use of tobacco products by young people—especially e-cigarettes, which are mostly acquired from retailers.
- It's important to prevent the sale of tobacco products to people under age 21.
- To match federal law and most other states, N.C. needs to raise the age of purchase to 21.
- N.C. is at risk of **losing millions** of federal dollars for substance use disorder treatment if it does not effectively prevent underage sales of tobacco products
- A tobacco retailer permitting is an evidence-based measure to reduce tobacco sales to youth.
- N.C. needs a **level playing field** among tobacco retailers—making it easier to educate and inspect all retailers to reduce illegal sales to underage youth.

